

COVID-19 vaccine (mRNA BNT162b2) and COVID-19 Infection-Induced Thrombotic Thrombocytopenic Purpura in Adolescents

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Abstract

The mRNA COVID-19 vaccine and COVID-19 infection caused by the SARS-CoV-2 virus may be immunologic triggers for the development of thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura (TTP). There is not yet literature that discusses TTP induced by COVID-19 vaccination or infection in pediatric or adolescent patients. We describe 4 adolescents presenting with TTP (both de novo and relapsed disease) following administration of the Pfizer COVID-19 vaccine or after COVID-19 infection. Our observations demonstrate that the Pfizer-BioNTech mRNA vaccine and COVID-19 infection can act as triggers for the development/relapse of both congenital and acquired TTP.

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TTP Covid PBC_SES.pdf available at <https://authorea.com/users/447851/articles/546773-covid-19-vaccine-mrna-bnt162b2-and-covid-19-infection-induced-thrombotic-thrombocytopenic-purpura-in-adolescents>

TABLE 1: Patient Characteristics and Summary of COVID-19 Vaccination or Infection-induced TTP Course

Patient	Age (years)	Sex	Medical history	Vaccine status	Prior COVID infection	TTP symptoms	Treatment	Treatment Side Effects	Current clinical status
1	19	F	TTP	Pfizer-BioNTech mRNA vaccine dose 1	Not reported; SARS-CoV-2 PCR not detected at time of relapse	Bruising, hematuria	TPE x 4 days Methylprednisolone, rituximab, caplacizumab	None to-date	In remission
2	15	F	Arrhythmia of unknown etiology, previously on metoprolol	Pfizer-BioNTech mRNA vaccine dose 1	Not reported; SARS-CoV-2 Anti-Spike IgM positive after vaccination	Fatigue, bruising	TPE x 4 days, Methylprednisolone, rituximab, FFP infusion	Herpes zoster infection, weight gain	In remission
3	17	F	Asthma, NAFLD	Unvaccinated	No clinical history; SARS-CoV-2 IgG antibodies positive on presentation	Hemiparesis, headache, fatigue, jaundice, hematuria	TPE x 5 days, rituximab, caplacizumab	Steroid induced hyperglycemia requiring insulin, extremity tremors	In remission
4	17	M	ASD/VSD repaired; precocious puberty treated with hormone suppression	Unvaccinated	3 weeks prior to presentation with symptomatic infection; COVID antibodies negative ~3 months after initial presentation	Initial hematuria; representation with jaundice, pallor, neurologic abnormalities; refractory	TPE x 5 days, rituximab, prednisone, cyclosporine, caplacizumab, FFP infusion	Hypertension during steroid course	Receiving Koate-DVI infusions biweekly

TTP=thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura
TPE=therapeutic plasma exchange
FFP=fresh frozen plasma
NAFLD=nonalcoholic fatty liver disease
ASD=atrial septal defect
VSD=ventricular septal defect

TABLE 2: Laboratory Results on Presentation of COVID-19 Vaccination or Infection-induced TTP

Patient	Labs on presentation*	ADAMTS13	Comments
1	Hgb: 12.4 gm/dL Pit: 7x10 ³ /uL Abs retic: 0.103x10 ⁶ /uL BiliU: 5.3 mg/dL LDH: 836 U/L C3: 129 mg/dL C4: 30 mg/dL	Activity < 5%, inhibitor 55% [ref range < 30%]	Schistocytes on peripheral smear
2	Hgb: 6.5 gm/dL Pit: 33x10 ³ /uL Abs retic: 0.286x10 ⁶ /uL BiliU: 1.4 mg/dL LDH: 354 U/L C3: 130 mg/dL C4: not obtained	Activity < 5%, inhibitor 25% [ref range < 30%]	Schistocytes on peripheral smear
3	Hgb: 8.1 gm/dL Pit: 5x10 ³ /uL Abs retic: 0.522x10 ⁶ /uL BiliU: 4.9 mg/dL LDH: 2824 U/L C3: 106 mg/dL C4: 15 mg/dL	Activity < 5%, inhibitor 54 % [ref range < 30%]	Schistocytes on peripheral smear
4	Hgb: 11.9 gm/dL Pit: 352x10 ³ /uL Abs retic: 0.082x10 ⁶ /uL BiliU: 0.3 mg/dL LDH: 465 U/L C3: 147 mg/dL C4: 21 mg/dL	Activity < 5%, inhibitor 0.4 [ref range < 0.4]; novel homozygous variant in the <i>ADAMTS13</i> gene, NM_139025.4:c.1584+5G>A	Note: labs from initial encounter with TCH Hematology; had already received treatment at prior hospital

Hgb=hemoglobin

Pit=platelets

Abs retic=absolute reticulocyte

BiliU=unconjugated bilirubin

LDH=lactate dehydrogenase

TCH=Texas Children's Hospital

TCH institutional reference ranges: Hgb 10.6-13.5 gm/dL, Plt 186-353 x10³/uL; Abs retic 0.039-0.057 x10⁶/uL; BiliU < 1.0 mg/dL, LDH 151-298 U/L, C3 86-182 mg/dL, C4 17-51 mg/dL.