Cyber Security issues in the industrial applications of digital twins

Sunzida Siddique ¹, Mohd Ariful haque ¹, Roy george ¹, khalil sujaee ¹, and Kishor Datta Gupta ²

¹Affiliation not available
²Clark Atlanta University

October 31, 2023

Abstract

Transformative developments have been brought in across a number of industries. Digital twin technologies are one of them. This revolutionary innovation has enhanced efficiency, optimized production, and elevated product design to new heights. Nevertheless, as industries embrace the potential of digital twins, cybersecurity concerns come to the forefront due to the convergence of physical and virtual realms. By addressing cybersecurity challenges effectively, industries can fully capitalize on the transformative capabilities of digital twin technology, driving competitiveness and resilience in the face of evolving digital landscapes. Our research explores the various industrial applications of digital twin technology. It also highlights the urgent need for strong cybersecurity measures. Secure data transmission, access control, encryption, and threat detection become crucial elements that must be ensured in order for digital twin systems in the industrial sector.
Cyber Security issues in the industrial applications of digital twins

Sunzida Siddique  
Computer Science and Engineering  
Daffodil International University  
Dhaka, Bangladesh

Mohd Ariful haque  
Cyber Physical Systems  
Clark Atlanta University  
Atlanta, GA

Roy George  
Cyber Physical Systems  
Clark Atlanta University  
Atlanta, GA

Khalil Shujae  
Cyber Physical Systems  
Clark Atlanta University  
Atlanta, GA

Kishor Datta Gupta  
Cyber Physical Systems  
Clark Atlanta University  
Atlanta, GA

Abstract—Transformative developments have been brought in across a number of industries. Digital twin technologies are one of them. This revolutionary innovation has enhanced efficiency, optimized production, and elevated product design to new heights. Nevertheless, as industries embrace the potential of digital twins, cybersecurity concerns come to the forefront due to the convergence of physical and virtual realms. By addressing cybersecurity challenges effectively, industries can fully capitalize on the transformative capabilities of digital twin technology, driving competitiveness and resilience in the face of evolving digital landscapes. Our research explores the various industrial applications of digital twin technology. It also highlights the urgent need for strong cybersecurity measures. Secure data transmission, access control, encryption, and threat detection become crucial elements that must be ensured in order for digital twin systems in the industrial sector.

Index Terms—Transformative developments, digital twin technologies, efficiency, production optimization, product design, and cybersecurity.

I. INTRODUCTION

A digital twin is a virtual replica or representation of a physical object, system, or process. It encompasses both the physical and digital aspects of the entity it replicates. It is continuously updated with real-time data from sensors, simulations, and other sources to provide an accurate and comprehensive view. [22]. Digital twin technology has emerged as a powerful tool in various industries, revolutionizing traditional practices and enhancing productivity. Digital twins provide valuable advantages in industry and cybersecurity [45]. Digital twin technology enables asset performance monitoring, identifying possible defects, and making more informed maintenance and lifecycle decisions.

Digital twin technology is a game-changing innovation with numerous uses, including community participation and communication. By employing a range of digital platforms such as the Internet, smartphones, computers, and related digital planning tools, this technology produces virtual replicas and increases connectivity. Digital twins are commonly utilized in information technology and computer science, where they fulfill their aims by utilizing breakthroughs such as big data analytics, machine learning, and artificial intelligence.

It is essentially a virtual clone of the genuine thing. It is divided into three sections. The virtual twin is intended to be an identical replica of the real thing, so it behaves and appears the same. This allows us to better comprehend the real object and apply that knowledge for a variety of purposes, including as enhancing industrial processes or making better decisions. A figure depicted in a Digital Twin [1].

Digital twins have many uses in the industrial sector. They give enterprises the ability to maximize performance, enhance operational efficiency, and make wise judgments [33]. Digital twins can be used in product development to replicate and evaluate prototypes virtually before they are built [17]. They also aid in forecasting maintenance requirements, managing assets, and improving supply chain logistics.

Digital twins are essential for risk evaluation, threat monitoring, and incident response in the field of cybersecurity, according to the website [19]. Organizations can replicate and examine potential vulnerabilities and gauge the impact of cyber attacks by building a virtual replica of a system or network. Additionally, digital twins allow for real-time security event monitoring, facilitating early cyber issue discovery and quick action.
II. ROLE OF DIGITAL TWINS

Digital twins are utilized in various ways to enhance product design and development processes. Here are the key applications:

Simulation: Digital twins replicate and examine how physical things behave and form in actual contexts [50]. Digital twins, for instance, can replicate mission execution procedures, analyze aircraft performance, and measure the effects of various parameters on mission success and aircraft health in the aerospace industry.

Monitoring and Diagnosis: Digital twins allow for real-time monitoring and diagnostics of product manufacturing or service processes [49]. They offer visual monitoring, fault diagnosis, and location identification through the integration of real-time data and historical information, supporting proactive maintenance and issue resolution.

Prediction: During the course of the product lifecycle, digital twins enable the prediction of probable flaws, functional problems, and performance deficiencies [49]. Digital twins improve product design and performance by fusing simulation and verification in a virtual environment.

Control: Real-time data analysis through digital twins facilitates quality control and production progress monitoring during manufacturing or service processes. It enables the analysis of product state, behavior, and external factors, allowing for timely adjustments and improvements.

During manufacturing or service processes, quality control and production progress tracking are made possible by real-time data analysis using digital twins according to the [49]. It makes it possible to analyze the condition, behavior, and external aspects of the product, allowing for quick corrections and advancements.

Additionally, digital twins enable effective coordination of the full product lifecycle, which promotes product innovation [37]. Digital twins provide for decision-making control and the conversion of digital products into physical ones by integrating data from the stages of product development, manufacture, and servicing.

Along with enabling traceability and ongoing product enhancement, digital twins also provide a comprehensive data basis [25]. They serve as digital archives, documenting and reflecting how items are created, how they are used, and how they are disposed of. This supports initiatives for continuous improvement, dependability analysis, and quality traceability.

In summary, in product design and development, digital twins simulate, monitor, diagnose, forecast, and control the formation and behavior of the final product [49]. They facilitate decision-making, improve the caliber of the product, and facilitate ongoing development across the whole lifecycle.

III. APPLICATION OF DIGITAL TWIN IN INDUSTRY

Digital twins have a wide range of applications across various industries. According to a Deloitte report [2], the global market for digital twins is predicted to grow at a 38% CAGR to $16 billion by 2023, with the spread of IoT technologies fueling this rise. Here are some examples of how digital twins are being used:

Manufacturing: Using digital twins to enhance manufacturing procedures, forecast maintenance requirements, and model industrial operations [42] development. With self-regulating and intelligent surroundings, system integration, and the ability to create a closed loop of product information [15], Industry 4.0 revolutionizes manufacturing. Personalized products are created in connected surroundings without affecting the production process. Cyber-Physical Production Systems are used in flexible, decentralized factories to carry out autonomous activities. Networks of intelligent factories cooperate while exchanging information using AI and IoT. Complex things may now be manufactured more quickly and in more places to developments in manufacturing and information technologies, according to [42]. Digital twins are essential because they provide a fresh picture of production processes and product models [13].

Energy and Utilities: Utilizing digital twins to optimize renewable energy systems, manage smart grids, and keep track of asset performance [44]. Digital twins make it easier to plan and integrate various energy systems. They may model how demand response programs, energy storage systems, infrastructure for charging electric vehicles, and renewable energy sources interact. As a result, energy service providers may better integrate their systems, balance supply and demand, and aid in the shift to an energy ecosystem that is more sustainable [51].

Aerospace and Defense: Utilizing digital twins to monitor aircraft performance, predict maintenance requirements, and provide simulation-based training [26]. Before digital twins, aerospace engineers employed physical replicas. During the Apollo 13 program in the 1970s, for example, NASA scientists reproduced the spacecraft’s settings on Earth to address important difficulties [2].

Now, experts in the aerospace sector understand the value of digital twins. A Business Wire survey [2] found that, cite, 75% of air force executives have confidence in digital twin technologies.

Engineers can utilize digital twins to identify potential issues with airframes, engines, and other components. Onboard crew members and passengers are safe because of this proactive approach [46].

Healthcare: Digital twins are being used for personalized medicine, virtual patient models are being made for treatment planning, and predictions are being made using healthcare data, according to [2]. By assembling and fusing data from many sources, including medical records, wearable technology, genetic data, and lifestyle data, a digital twin in healthcare can be used to create a virtual representation of a person’s health [16]. The health of the person is continuously tracked and analyzed by this program, which also foresees prospective problems and offers tailored advice. To acquire insights, spot patterns, and make wise decisions for better patient outcomes, healthcare practitioners use advanced analytics and AI. Digital twins in healthcare enhance treatment, provide proactive interventions, and
promote tailored and accurate healthcare strategies for chronic condition management and prevention [18].

**Smart Cities:** Using digital twins to optimize urban planning, manage traffic, and improve energy efficiency in cities [2]. A digital twin smart city incorporates technology to gather and analyze citizen feedback [12]. It creates a virtual replica of the city and utilizes data from sensors, social media, and other sources to understand the needs and preferences of its citizens. This feedback helps city officials make informed decisions to improve urban services, infrastructure, and quality of life [28]. By harnessing digital twin technology, cities can enhance citizen engagement and create more responsive and sustainable urban environments.

**Construction and Infrastructure:** Using digital twins to design and simulate buildings, track the progress of construction, and enable infrastructure predictive maintenance. Digital twins are created digital reproductions that are used in the building industry [14]. An empirical study investigates the application of digital twins and their impact on construction projects. It examines how digital twin technology might be useful for project planning, design, simulation, and monitoring [38]. It discusses the advantages and difficulties of using digital twins in the construction sector, highlighting their potential to boost productivity, teamwork, and decision-making.

By building digital reproductions of road networks, the digital twin of the road infrastructure helps build smarter cities. To improve transportation management, it incorporates real-time data from sensors and traffic cameras. The digital twin enhances resource allocation, traffic flow, and safety, which benefits infrastructure planning and upkeep. This technology helps create cities that are smarter and more efficient [14].

**Automotive Industry:** Utilizing digital twins for virtual testing and validation, linked automobile data analysis, and vehicle performance optimization [10]. A privacy enhancement technique based on digital twin technology protects sensitive data in automobiles. It offers secure communication, data encryption, and anonymization approaches to safeguard user privacy in the automotive sector by utilizing virtual replicas and privacy-focused features. Citing "damjanovic2018digital," this approach successfully tackles privacy issues in connected automobiles, helping to create a safer and more secure automotive ecosystem [10].

**Retail:** Applying digital twins to improve customer experience, inventory management, and retail layouts [8]. The implementation of a digital twin for IoT smart stores is demonstrated by the retail and garment industries [29]. Retailers may use the digital twin to improve decision-making, elevate consumer experiences, and optimize operations by using IoT technologies for inventory monitoring, customer behavior research, and shop layout optimization [35].

**Agriculture:** Using digital twins for precision farming, monitoring crop health, and optimizing irrigation and fertilization processes [43]. The implementation of digital twins in agriculture involves utilizing virtual replicas to enhance farming practices [56]. By creating digital representations of crops, livestock, and farm systems and leveraging data from multiple sources, farmers can make informed decisions and improve efficiency in their operations. This adoption of digital twins in agriculture aims to boost crop yields, optimize resource utilization, and increase overall farm productivity [6].

**Financial Services:** Utilizing digital twins for risk analysis, fraud detection, and predictive analytics to support investment decisions. By employing virtual copies and data analytics to give individualized financial advice and investment plans, digital twin technology is transforming the financial technology sector [7]. Digital twins evaluate user data, simulate investing scenarios, and offer knowledgeable suggestions by using cutting-edge algorithms and machine learning. By providing customized investment solutions to improve the user experience, this development increases the effectiveness and precision of financial advice [11].

**Sports and Entertainment:** Virtual replicas and data analytics are used in sports via digital twin technology to enhance athletic performance and sports administration. It has evolved from a theory to a useful application in the sports industry. By collecting and processing real-time data from sensors, wearables, and video analysis, digital twin technology helps athletes perform better, prevent injuries, and train more effectively [28]. It lets sports organizations and coaches create plans, establish judgments, and enhance overall team performance. A notable development in the application of technology to gain a competitive edge and maximize athletic potential is the usage of digital twins in sports.

**Telecommunications:** In order to provide end customers with high-quality services, it is imperative to optimize network performance [40]. A virtual picture of the network infrastructure is provided by digital twins, which enables operators to track and examine real-time data from multiple network components. Operators can spot areas of congestion or inefficiency by using digital twins to collect data on network traffic, latency, bandwidth utilization, and other performance parameters [21]. Following that, they can simulate various situations, employ predictive analytics, and optimize network configurations to boost speed and guarantee a seamless user experience.

**Mining and Resources:** Applications for digital twins in the mining sector include asset optimization and monitoring. Operators can track real-time data on aspects such as machine health, performance, and production by building virtual replicas of mining equipment. This enables the
scheduling of preventative maintenance, optimization of resource allocation, and increased equipment use. [34].

Transportation and Logistics: When using digital twins for route optimization, it is necessary to create virtual replicas of transportation infrastructure, vehicles, and networks. By combining real-time data from GPS, traffic sensors, and historical traffic patterns, businesses may simulate various route situations and assess factors like traffic congestion, road conditions, and delivery schedules. This enables them to find the most efficient routes, save travel time, use less gasoline, and make the most of resource consumption, all of which help them save money and manage their business more successfully. [1].

Education and Training: The use of digital twins in the context of skill development is heavily dependent on the development of virtual learning environments that closely resemble real-world systems and scenarios. Utilizing the potential of digital twins, organizations can develop simulation-based training courses that provide students with hands-on experience and practical information. These digital simulations of complex systems, like industrial machinery or cybersecurity networks, offer students the chance to interact with them and gain practical knowledge and skills in a safe setting. [23].

IV. APPLICATION OF DIGITAL TWIN IN CYBERSECURITY

While using digital twins and other smart technologies widely has many advantages, it also has some cybersecurity drawbacks [20]. Connectivity-based technical improvements may extend the attack surface, increasing the susceptibility of software systems to cyberattacks. Due to the frequent involvement of confidential information and sensitive data in digital twins, there is also a higher danger of intellectual property (IP) theft. Furthermore, there is cause for concern given that any violation in the surroundings of the digital twin can have far-reaching effects. As a result, it is essential to put in place strong cybersecurity measures, such as secure communication protocols, access controls, data encryption, vulnerability management, and incident response plans, to reduce these risks and safeguard the implementation of digital twins and the processes that are connected to them [5]. In the world of cybersecurity, digital twin technology has numerous applications. Here are some main applications for Digital Twins:

Threat Modeling and Simulation: Digital twins make it possible to create virtual replicas of intricate cybersecurity infrastructures including networks, systems, and apps. These copies serve as simulation settings for prospective threats and attacks, enabling firms to find weaknesses, assess risks, and gauge the success of their security solutions [3]. With a proactive approach, they are better able to carry out necessary adjustments, improve incident response skills, and lower risks before they really cause security breaches. By regularly simulating and analyzing cybersecurity scenarios, organizations can stay one step ahead in defending their vital assets and data from new assaults.

Real-Time Monitoring and Detection: Digital twins can serve as fictitious sensors that continuously track the operation and behavior of physical or digital systems. Cybersecurity experts can quickly spot anomalies, identify potential intrusions, and quickly react to new threats by evaluating the data gathered by the digital twin [31]. By continuously monitoring the activity businesses are able to identify and address security risks promptly, limiting the potential impact on their operations and protecting their most valuable assets.

Incident Response and Recovery: Digital twins help us better comprehend the effects of security vulnerabilities and create efficient response plans. By comparing the damaged system’s current condition with that of its digital twin, security experts can determine the extent of the breach, pinpoint the compromised components, and develop effective repair plans. Using the digital twin as a reference during system recovery will enable organizations to return damaged components to their pre-incident state [39].

Security Testing and Validation: Digital twins make it easier to test and validate new infrastructure, applications, and systems for security. Vulnerabilities [27] can be found and fixed early on by subjecting the digital twin to simulated attacks and penetration testing. The danger of security breaches is decreased when the system is used in a production setting approach.

Predictive Analytics and Risk Assessment: Utilizing information from digital twins, such as that found in [9] advanced analytics techniques can be utilized to anticipate potential cyber threats and assess their potential effects on the system. Because of this, firms are better equipped to manage resources, prioritize security measures, and take proactive measures to lower risks before they materialize.

Risk Assessment: By precisely simulating assets, configurations, and potential threats, digital twins support informed risk mitigation decision-making by helping to quantify cybersecurity risks [9].

Continuous Monitoring: Digital twins facilitate anomaly detection and continuous monitoring by comparing the twin’s behavior to that of the live system to identify real-time variations and suspicious activities [32].

V. SUMMARIZATION OF DIGITAL TWIN UTILIZATION

Making a virtual clone of a real-world system, process, or object is the core goal of a digital twin. It seeks to provide a thorough and in-the-moment understanding of the physical counterpart by leveraging data integration, connection, and simulation capabilities. The following table provides a comparison of twin in industry and cybersecurity:

VI. CHALLENGES AND FUTURE DIRECTIONS OF DT

Industrial operations have been greatly enhanced by digital twin models, and they have a promising future. By combining
TABLE I
USES OF DIGITAL TWINS IN INDUSTRY AND CYBERSECURITY

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Industry</th>
<th>DT Use Case</th>
<th>Cybersecurity Application</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Manufacturing</td>
<td>Virtual replication of production systems</td>
<td>Proactive identification of vulnerabilities, threat modeling, and testing security controls for manufacturing processes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Energy and Utilities</td>
<td>Replica of power plants and infrastructure</td>
<td>Real-time monitoring, anomaly detection, and threat response for ensuring the security of energy systems</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transportation and Logistics</td>
<td>Modeling vehicles and supply chain networks</td>
<td>Secure communication, threat simulation, and risk assessment for protecting transportation systems and logistics operations</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Healthcare</td>
<td>Virtual modeling of medical devices and systems</td>
<td>Safeguarding patient privacy, secure data transmission, and protecting against unauthorized access to healthcare infrastructure</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Smart Cities</td>
<td>Digital replicas of interconnected systems</td>
<td>Securing critical infrastructure, threat intelligence, and risk mitigation for ensuring the resilience of smart city systems</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

real-time input from physical assets with digital representations, these models make real-time monitoring and simulation possible. To enhance operations and decision-making, future research should concentrate on advanced analytics, IoT integration, security, and interoperability. In order to advance Industry 4.0 and beyond, industrial operations will alter as a result of overcoming challenges and grabbing new opportunities [30].

The next-generation wireless network, known as 6G with Digital-Twin-Enablement, incorporates digital twin technology. For better monitoring and control, it anticipates creating virtual versions of actual physical objects. Future directions for the architecture include scalable models, seamless integration, cutting-edge technology for immersive experiences, and intelligent automation [24].

Modern modeling and simulation capabilities are now available because of the cutting-edge utilization of digital twins in engineering dynamics applications. The integration of data, accuracy, and computational efficiency will be improved in future digital twin advances. Due to these advancements, engineering analysis, optimization, and decision-making processes will be improved [47].

Virtual copies are used to track and improve energy-related business processes in industries using energy digital twin technology. Energy systems are categorized, problems like data integration and security are addressed, and potential for future development is shown. Industries may improve energy efficiency, cut costs, and make wise choices for sustainable energy management by utilizing digital twins [51].

In order to improve planning, decision-making, and administration procedures, city digital twins are virtual representations of metropolitan landscapes. They examine the possible advantages of city digital twins, including greater infrastructure management, better urban sustainability, and efficient urban policy development [41].

VII. CONCLUSION
The use of digital twins in business and cybersecurity has shown tremendous promise and important advantages. Through the provision of virtual replicas of physical assets, optimization, predictive maintenance, and improved supply chain visibility, digital twins have completely transformed industrial operations. They have also aided in the creation of infrastructure and smart cities.

Digital twins have been shown to be essential instruments in the field of cybersecurity and industry. They enable threat modeling and simulation, allowing enterprises to identify and assess hazards. Real-time monitoring and detection capabilities allow for the early discovery of abnormalities and intrusions, which improves incident response and reduces the impact of security breaches. Security testing and validation are also aided by digital twins, ensuring that systems are strong and impervious to cyber threats.

The use of digital twins in business and cybersecurity has enhanced operational effectiveness, resource management, security posture, and creative breakthroughs. Digital twins have the potential to revolutionize a wide range of sectors and spur new innovations in cybersecurity as technology develops.

The adoption of digital twins, however, raises a number of challenges, including data privacy and security worries, which must be kept in mind. Virtual representations and the accompanying data must be protected from unauthorized access and misuse by organizations putting adequate security measures in place. The use of digital twins in business and cybersecurity has generally been a game-changer, enabling organizations to improve operational efficiency, strengthen security defenses, and foster innovation in a networked world. There is little doubt that the use of digital twin technologies will continue to affect business and cybersecurity trends.

REFERENCES


